

THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF
KYRGYZ REPUBLIC
OSH STATE UNIVERSITY
INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL FACULTY
Department of anatomy, histology and normal physiology

«Approved» _____
at faculty meeting, protocol № _____
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«Agreed» _____
The chair of the UMC faculty
Assoc. Sakibaev K. Sh.
from "28" _____ 2019.

Option #1

1. Specify what divides the oral cavity into the vestibule and your own oral cavity:

- 1) gums,
- 2) soft palate
- 3) teeth,
- 4) pharynx.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

2. Specify how the muscle base of the cheek is formed:

- 1) medialpterygoid muscle,
- 2) chewing muscle,
- 3) lateralpterygoid muscle,
- 4) buccal muscle.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

3. Specify how the mouth diaphragm is formed:

- 1.Chin-lingual muscle
- 2.Chin-hyoid muscle
- 3.Sublingual-speaking muscle
- 4.Anterior abdomen of the bicuspid muscle

4. Specify the age at which the first baby teeth erupt:

- 1.at the age of 3-4 months
- 2.at the age of 5-7 months
- 3.At the age of 8-9 months
- 4.at the age of 10-11 months
- 5.at the end of the first year of life

5. Specify the anatomical formula of human milk teeth:

- 1).3, 1, 4, 3
- 2).2, 1, 3, 3
- 3).2, 1, 2, 2
- 4).2,1, 0, 2
- 5).2, 1, 2, 3

6. Specify the syntopia (indentations from organs) of the visceral surface of the left lobe of the liver:

- 1) gastric depression,
- 2) cystic fossa,
- 3) esophageal depression,
- 4) indentation of the duodenum.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

7. Specify the syntopia (indentations from organs) of the visceral surface of the right lobe of the liver:

- 1) adrenal depression,
- 2) colon-intestinal depression,
- 3) impression of the duodenum,
- 4) the renal impression.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

8. Specify what is the structural unit of the liver:

1. Hepatic beam
2. Hepatic segment
3. Liver lobule
4. lobe of the liver
5. Hepatic sinus

9. Specify the main elements of the liver gate:

- 1) common hepatic duct,
- 2) portal vein,
- 3) own hepatic artery,
- 4) lower Vena cava.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

10. Specify from the merger of which ducts a common bile duct is formed:

- 1) right hepatic duct,
- 2) cystic duct,
- 3) left hepatic duct,
- 4) common hepatic duct

11. Specify which formations of the nasal cavity contribute to warming the inhaled air:

- 1) atrial epithelium,
- 2) mucous glands,
- 3) serous glands,
- 4) the venous plexus.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

12. Specify parts of the external nose:

- 1) root,
- 2) back,
- 3) upper,
- 4) wings.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

13. Specify the lower border of the right lung along the scapular line:

- 1) VII ribs
- 2) VIII ribs
- 3) IX ribs
- 4) X ribs
- 5) XI ribs

14. Specify which part of the mediastinum contains the pulmonary arteries and veins:

1. Upper mediastinum
2. Anterior lower mediastinum
3. the Average of the lower mediastinum
4. Posterior lower mediastinum
5. None of the above

15. Specify which formations provide an open tracheal lumen:

- 1) annular ligament,
- 2) webbed wall,
- 3) connective tissue sheath,
- 4) cartilaginous half-rings.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

16. Specify which organs the left kidney touches with its front surface:

- 1) pancreas,
- 2) the loop of jejunum,
- 3) the stomach,
- 4) spleen.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

17. Specify which organs the right kidney touches with its front surface:

- 1) liver,

- 2) the loop of jejunum,
- 3) bending of the colon,
- 4) the pancreas.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

18. Specify which of the kidney shells is directly attached to the kidney substance:

- 1.Fat capsule
- 2.Fibrous capsule
- 3.Renal fascia
- 4.None of the above

19.Specify which epithelium is lined with the bladder mucosa:

- 1.multi-Layer flat non-rusting
- 2.Transitional
- 3.Flickering
- 4.single-layer cylindrical
- 5.Cubic

19. Specify which part of the bladder contains the urogenital triangle:

1. Apex
2. Body
3. fundus
4. Neck

20. Specify the mass of the egg:

1. 10-20 g
2. 20-30 g
3. 30-40 g
4. 40-50 g
5. 50-60 g

21. Specify the characteristics of the external structure of the testicle:

- 1) lateral and medial surfaces,
- 2) front and back edges,
- 3) the upper and lower ends of the,
- 4) egg weight gain.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

22. Specify the location of the maximum narrowing of the lumen of the male urethra:

- 1.. the Inner hole of the channel
2. Prostate
3. the Spongy part
4. the Membranous part
5. External opening of the channel

23. Specify an arbitrary sphincter of the male urethra:

- 1.. Sphincter of the bladder
2. Sphincter of the prostate
3. Sphincter of the urethra
4. None of the above

24. Specify the continuation of which layer of the anterior abdominal wall is the fleshy shell of the testicle:

1. Superficial fascia of the abdomen
2. Subcutaneous connective tissue
3. Transverse abdominal muscle
4. Transverse fascia
5. Interpeduncular fascia

25. Specify which layer of the anterior abdominal wall is extended by the external seminal fascia:

1. Superficial fascia of the abdomen

2. Subcutaneous connective tissue
3. Transverse abdominal muscle
4. Transverse fascia
5. Interpeduncular fascia

26. Specify the ratio of the fallopian tube to the peritoneum:

1. Extraperitoneal
2. Mesoperitoneal
3. Intraperitoneal
4. Not related to the peritoneum

27. Specify what kind of epithelium lines the mucosa of the fallopian tube:

1. multi-Layer flat non-rusting
2. Transitional
3. Flickering
4. single Layer flat
5. None of the above

28. Specify which ligaments fix the uterus:

- 1) wide bundle,
- 2) cardinal ligament,
- 3) the round ligament,
- 4) own ovarian ligament.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

29. Specify the length of the fallopian tube:

1. 6 - 8 cm
2. 8-10 cm
3. 10-12 cm
4. 12-14 cm
5. 14-16 cm

Option# 2

1.Specify the anatomical formula of permanent human teeth:

1. 3, 1, 4, 3
2. 2, 1, 3, 3
3. 2, 1, 2, 2
4. 2, 1, 0, 2
1. 2, 1, 2, 3

2.Specify the dental formula of human milk teeth:

1. 2, 1, 2, 3
2. I, II, III, IV, V
3. 2, 1, 0, 2
4. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8
5. None of the above

3.Specify the localization of the leaf-like papillae of the tongue:

1. the root of the tongue
2. Back of the tongue
3. lower surface of the tongue
4. Tip and edges of the tongue
5. Edges of the language

4.Specify the location of the Palatine tonsil:

1. Arch of the pharynx
2. the root of the tongue
3. Pear-shaped pocket
4. Tube roller and pharyngeal opening of the auditory tube

5. Amygdala fossa

5.Specify the location of the tubal tonsil:

1. Arch of the pharynx
2. the root of the tongue
3. Pear-shaped pocket
4. Tube roller and pharyngeal opening of the auditory tube
5. Amygdala fossa

6.Specify the location of the lingual amygdala:

1. Arch of the pharynx
2. the root of the tongue
3. Pear-shaped pocket
4. Tube roller and pharyngeal opening of the auditory tube

7.Specify the features of the relief of the anal mucosa:

- 1) semilunar folds,
- 2) longitudinal folds,
- 3) circular folds,
- 4) anal sinuses.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

8.Specify the lower border of the liver along the right middle axillary line:

1. 6th intercostal space
2. 7th intercostal space
3. 8th intercostal space
4. 9th intercostal space
5. 10th intercostal space

9.Specify skeletopy the lateral edge of the left lobe of the liver:

1. At the point of attachment of the 5th left costal cartilage to the sternum
2. At the point of attachment of the 6th left costal cartilage to the sternum
3. At the point of attachment of the 7th left costal cartilage to the sternum
4. At the point of attachment of the 8th left costal cartilage to the 7th costal cartilage
5. Base of the xiphoid process

10.Specify homotopia liver:

- 1) righthypochondrium,
- 2) left subcostal region,
- 3) epigastric region,
- 4) the umbilical region.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

11.Specify the cartilage of the external nose:

- 1) the lateral cartilage of the nose,
- 2) large cartilage wing of the nose,
- 3) small nose wing cartilage,
- 4) cartilage of the nasal septum.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

12.Specify the parts of the nasal septum:

- 1) the bony part,
- 2) the membranous part,
- 3) the cartilaginous part,
- 4) the fibrous part.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

13.Specify what opens in the upper nasal passage:

- 1) frontal sinus,
- 2) sphenoid sinus,
- 3) middle cells of the lattice bone,
- 4) posterior cells of the lattice bone.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true

14.Specify the reserve spaces of the pleural cavity:

- 1) anterior costal-diaphragmatic sinus,
- 2) the back of the rib-diaphragmatic sine,
- 3) diaphragmatic-mediastinal sinus,
- 4) costal-mediastinal sinus.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

15.Specify which pleura limits the pleural sinuses:

3. the Parietal pleura
4. the Visceral pleura
5. both
6. Neither

16.Specify in which part of the mediastinum the thymus gland is located:

1. Upper mediastinum
2. Anterior lower mediastinum
3. the Average of the lower mediastinum
4. Posterior lower mediastinum
5. None of the above

17.Specify the most distinctive feature for determining the left and right kidney:

1. Location of the ureter, arteries, and veins in the kidney gate
2. the Shape of the poles
3. the Size of the bulge of the anterior and posterior surface of the kidney
4. location and direction of the ureter
5. size of the kidney poles

18.Specify which formation is located at the top of the kidney hilum:

1. The Ureter
2. Renal artery
3. Renal vein
4. None of the above

19.Specify which organs are attached to the back surface of the bladder in women:

- 1) the cervix,
- 2) urogenital diaphragm,
- 3) vagina,
- 4) rectum.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

20.Specify the relationship to the peritoneum of an empty bladder:

1. Extraperitoneal
2. Mesoperitoneal
3. Intraperitoneal
4. Not related to the peritoneum

21.Specify which tubules of the testicle produce sperm:

1. Straight seminiferous tubules

2. egg Network
3. Convoluted seed tubules
4. Exiting tubules of the testicle
5. None of the above

22. Specify what is included in the sperm:

- 1) spermatozoa,
- 2) the secret of the seminal vesicles,
- 3) the secret of the prostate gland,
- 4) secret of the bulbourethral glands.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

23. Specify which structures of the testicle produce male sex hormones:

1. Straight seminiferous tubule
2. egg Network
3. Interstitial cells
4. Exiting tubules of the testicle
5. Mediastinum of the testicle

24. Specify which part of the VAS deferens connects to the excretory duct of the seminal vesicle:

1. Testicular part
2. Rope part
3. Pelvic area
4. Ampoule
5. None of the above

25. Specify the parts of the prostate:

- 1) base,
- 2) isthmus,
- 3) upper,
- 4) right and left lobes.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

26. Specify the diameter of the female urethra:

- 1). 1 - 4 mm
- 2). 4 - 8 mm
- 3). 8-12 mm
- 4). 12-16 mm
- 5). 16-18 mm

27. Specify the surface muscles of the genitourinary region:

- 1) superficial transverse perineal muscle,
- 2) sciatic-cavernous,
- 3) bulbous-spongy,
- 4) sphincter of the urethra.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

28. Specify the deep muscles of the genitourinary region:

- 1) deep transverse perineal muscle,
- 2) sciatic-cavernous,
- 3) the sphincter of the urethra,
- 4) bulbous-spongy.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

29. Specify the muscles that form the side walls of the sciatic-rectal fossa:

- 1) of the internal obturator muscle
- 2) coccygeal muscle,
- 3) the muscle that raises the anus,
- 4) transverseperineal muscle.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

30.Specify what is included in the spermatic cord:

- 1) VAS deferens,
- 2) testicular artery and vein,
- 3) shells,
- 4) testicular nerves.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C

Option 3

1. Specify the dental formula for permanent human teeth:

- 1). 2, 1, 2, 3
- 2) I, II, III, IV, V
- 3) 2, 1, 0, 2
- 4). 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8
- E. None of the above

2. Specify the age at which all baby teeth erupt:

1. by the end of the first year of life
2. by the end of the second year of life
3. by the end of the third year of life
4. At the age of 6 years
5. At the age of 12

3. Specify which tissues are used to build the solid base of the tooth:

- 1) enamel,
- 2) cement,
- 3) dentin,
- 4) bone tissue.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

4. Specify the location of the gutter papillae of the tongue:

1. the root of the tongue
2. Back of the tongue
3. lower surface of the tongue
4. Tip and edges of the tongue
5. Edges of the language

5. Specify the location of the filamentous papillae of the tongue:

1. the root of the tongue
2. Back of the tongue
3. lower surface of the tongue
4. Tip and edges of the tongue
5. Edges of the language

6.Specify which parts of the duodenum have longitudinal folds:

- 1) ampoule,
- 2) the posterior wall of the descending part of the intestine,
- 3) medial wall of the descending part,
- 4) the front wall of the descending part of the intestine.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

7.Specify what opens into the lumen of the duodenum:

- 1) common bile duct,
- 2) additional pancreatic duct,
- 3) pancreatic duct,
- 4) hepatic-pancreatic ampoule.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

8.Specify the ratio of the ascending part of the duodenum to the peritoneum:

1. Extraperitoneal position
2. Mesoperitoneal position
3. Intraperitoneal position
4. Not related to the peritoneum

9.Specify the ratio of the jejunum to the peritoneum:

1. Extraperitoneal position
2. Mesoperitoneal position
3. Intraperitoneal position
4. Not related to the peritoneum

10.Specify the ratio of the ileum to the peritoneum:

1. Extraperitoneal position
2. Mesoperitoneal position
3. Intraperitoneal position
4. Not related to the peritoneum

11.Specify the characteristic features of the external structure of the large intestine, allowing you to distinguish it from the small one:

- 1) omentum processes,
- 2) tapes,
- 3) bloating
- 4) mesentery.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

12.Specify what opens in the middle nasal passage:

- 1) frontal sinus,
- 2) upper and middle cells of the lattice bone,
- 3) maxillary sinus,

4) wedge-Palatine opening.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

13.Specify what opens into the lower nasal passage:

- 1) frontal sinus,
- 2) maxillary sinus,
- 3) wedge-Palatine opening,
- 4) the lacrimal canal.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

14.Specify which vertebra has the upper border of the larynx:

1. III cervical vertebra
- 2.. IY cervical vertebra
- 3.. Y cervical vertebra
- 4.. YI cervical vertebra
5. YII cervical vertebra

15.Specify the lower border of the right lung along the paravertebral line:

1. Yii edge
2. YIII edge
3. XI edge
4. x edge
5. XI edge

16.Specify the parts of the parietal pleura:

- 1) rib,
- 2) mediastinal,
- 3) diaphragmatic,
- 4) the dome of the pleura.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

17.Specify in which part of the mediastinum the trachea is located:

1. Upper mediastinum
2. Anterior lower mediastinum
3. the Average of the lower mediastinum
4. Posterior lower mediastinum
5. None of the above

18.Specify which formation in the kidney gate is located in front:

1. The Ureter
2. Renal artery
3. Renal vein

4. None of the above

19. Specify which parts make up the cortical substance of the kidney:

- 1) radiant part,
- 2) pyramids,
- 3) rolled part,
- 4) posts.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

20. Specify in which part of the nephron the filtering process takes place:

1. Kidney body
2. Proximal part of the nephron tubule
3. the Loop of the nephron
4. Distal part of the nephron tubule
5. None of the above

21. Specify in which parts of the nephron the process of reabsorption occurs:

- 1) distal part of the nephron tubule,
- 2) the proximal part of the nephron tubule,
- 3) loop of the nephron,
- 4) kidney body.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

22. Specify the length of the ureter:

1. 25-30 cm
2. 30-35 cm
3. of 35-40 cm
4. 40-45 cm
5. 45-50 cm

23. Specify the length of the vagina:

1. 6 - 8 cm
2. 8-10 cm
3. 10-12 cm
5. 12-14 cm
6. 14-16 cm

24. Specify how deep the vault is, whether the front (A) or back (B) is the deepest.

1. True only A
2. True only In
3. True for both A and B
4. neither A nor B is Correct

25. Specify parts of the clitoris:

- 1) head,
- 2) legs,
- 3) the body,

4) bridle.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

26.Specify where the clitoris is attached:

1. branches of the sciatic bones
2. Symphysis
3. the Lower branches of the pubic bone
4. None of the above

27.Specify the length of the female urethra:

1. 2.5-3.5 cm
2. 3.5-4.5 cm
3. 4.5-5.5 cm
4. 5.5-6.5 cm
5. 6.5-7.5 cm

28.Specify the continuation of which layer of the anterior abdominal wall is the muscle that raises the testicle:

1. Superficial fascia of the abdomen
2. Subcutaneous connective tissue
3. Transverse abdominal muscle
4. Transverse fascia
5. Interpeduncular fascia

29.Specify which layer of the anterior abdominal wall is extended by the internal seminal fascia:

1. Superficial fascia of the abdomen
2. Subcutaneous connective tissue
3. Transverse abdominal muscle
4. Transverse fascia
5. Interpeduncular fascia

30.Specify how the vaginal lining of the testicle is formed:

1. Superficial fascia of the abdomen
2. Subcutaneous connective tissue
3. Transverse abdominal muscle
4. Transverse fascia
5. Vaginal process of the peritoneum

Option 4

1. Specify the development of which gland is associated with the formation of the blind hole of the tongue:

1. Development of the anterior pituitary
2. development of the thyroid
3. development of the thymus gland

4. development of the hyoid gland

5. development of the submandibular gland

2. **Specify the small salivary glands:**

- 1) labial glands,
- 2) the buccal glands,
- 3) Palatine glands,
- 4) lingual glands.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

3. **Enter the large salivary glands:**

- 1) hyoid gland,
- 2) submandibular gland,
- 3) parotid gland,
- 4) molar gland.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

4. **Specify the serous salivary glands:**

- 1) lingual glands,
- 2) the Palatine glands,
- 3) parotid gland,
- 4) submandibular gland.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

5. **Specify which pharyngeal-basilar fascia is part of the pharyngeal membrane (layer) :**

1. Mucous membrane
2. Longitudinal muscles of the pharynx
3. pharyngeal Constrictors

4. Connective tissue sheath (adventitia)

5. None of the above

6. **Specify the location of the amygdala fossa:**

1. at the root of the language
2. Pear-shaped pharyngeal pockets
3. on the upper wall of the pharynx
4. in the pharynx, between the opening of the auditory tube and the Palatine curtain

E. Between the palatopharyngeal and palatopharyngeal arches

7. **Specify skeletal place of transition of pharynx into the esophagus in an adult:**

1. at the level of 3-4 cervical vertebrae
2. at the level of 4-5 cervical vertebrae
3. at the level of 5-6 cervical vertebrae
4. at the level of 6-7 cervical vertebrae
5. at the level of 7 cervical-1 thoracic vertebrae

8. **Specify the location of anatomical esophageal constrictions:**

- 1) the place of transition of the pharynx into the esophagus,
- 2) at the level of the left main bronchus,
- 3) at the level of the esophageal orifice of the diaphragm,

4) at the junction of the esophagus to the stomach.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

9. Specify which layers and the shell is the wall of the esophagus in the cervical:

- 1) adventitious shell,
- 2) muscle sheath formed by striated muscle tissue,
- 3) submucosal base, mucous membrane,
- 4) the muscle sheath formed by non-striated muscle tissue.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

10. Specify which layers and shells the esophageal wall has in the thoracic part:

- 1) adventitious shell,
- 2) the muscle envelope formed by striated and non-striated muscle tissue,
- 3) submucosal base,
- 4) the mucous membrane.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

11. Specify at the level of which vertebra the lower border of the larynx is located:

1. II cervical vertebra
2. III cervical vertebra
3. IV cervical vertebra
4. V cervical vertebra
5. VI cervical vertebra

12. Specify the formations that restrict the entrance to the larynx:

- 1) the epiglottis,
- 2) arytenoid cartilage,
- 3) scooped-out folds,
- 4) intercarpal ligament.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

13. Specify the departments of the larynx cavity:

- 1) vestibule of the larynx,
- 2) interventricular Department,
- 3) sub-vocal cavity,
- 4) entrance to the larynx.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

14. Specify the upper border of the laryngeal vestibule:

1. Entrance to the larynx
2. scooped-Out folds
3. Door folds
4. the vocal folds
5. None of the above

15. Specify the order in which the main bronchus and pulmonary vessels are located in the gate of the left lung in the top-down direction:

1. ABV (artery, bronchus, vein)
2. BAS (bronchus, artery, vein)

3. VBA (vein, bronchus, artery)

4. VAB (vein, artery, bronchus)

5. BVA (bronchus, vein, artery)

16. Specify in which part of the mediastinum the aortic arch is located:

1. Upper mediastinum

2. Anterior lower mediastinum

3. the Average of the lower mediastinum

4. Posterior lower mediastinum

5. None of the above

17. Specify which part of the mediastinum contains the superior Vena cava:

1. Upper mediastinum

2. Anterior lower mediastinum

3. the Average of the lower mediastinum

4. Posterior lower mediastinum

5. None of the above

18. Specify which formations fill the sinus of the kidney:

1) small and large cups,

2) renal pelvis,

3) vessels and nerves,

4) adipose tissue.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

19. Specify how many large kidney cups are in each kidney:

1. 2-3

2. 4-5

3. 6-7

4. 8-9

5. 10-11

20. Specify which organs are attached to the back surface of the bladder in men:

1) the rectum,

2) seminal vesicles,

3) ampoules of VAS deferens,

4) the prostate gland.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

21. Specify the parts of the bladder:

1) upper,

2) body,

3) the bottom,

4) neck.

22. Specify the relationship to the peritoneum of the filled bladder:

1. Extraperitoneal

2. Mesoperitoneal

3. Intraperitoneal

4. Not related to the peritoneum.

23. Specify which of the surrounding cavernous and spongy body shells is attached directly to them:

1. Leather

2. Protein coat

3. Deep fascia

4. Superficial fascia

5. None of the above

24. Specify which formations fix the penis:

1) the legs of the penis,

2) surface and deep suspending ligaments,

- 3) sciatic-cavernous and bulbous-spongy muscles,
4) deep and superficial fascia.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

25. Specify parts of the male urethra:

- 1) prostate,
- 2) the membranous,
- 3) spongy,
- 4) bubble.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

26. Specify the continuation of which layer of the anterior abdominal wall is the fascia of the muscle that raises the testicle:

1. Superficial fascia of the abdomen
2. Subcutaneous connective tissue
3. Transverse abdominal muscle
4. Transverse fascia
5. Interpeduncular fascia

27. Specify the ratio of the uterus to the peritoneum:

1. Extraperitoneal
2. Mesoperitoneal
3. Intraperitoneal
4. Not related to the

peritoneum

28. Specify which ligaments fix the uterus:

- 1) wide bundle,
- 2) cardinal ligament,
- 3) the round ligament,

- 4) own ovarian ligament.

When choosing a response, use the code:

A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true

29. Specify which organs the left kidney touches with its front surface:

- 1) pancreas,
- 2) the loop of jejunum,
- 3) the stomach,
- 4) spleen.

When choosing a response, use the code: A-true 1,2,3; B-1,3; C-2,4; D-4; E-all true.

30. Specify which layer of the anterior abdominal wall is extended by the internal seminal fascia:

- A. Superficial fascia of the abdomen
- B. Subcutaneous connective tissue
- C. Transverse abdominal muscle
- D. Transverse fascia
- E. Interpeduncular fascia

