МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ, ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И ИННОВАЦИЙ

ОШСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ

КОЛЛЕДЖ МЕЖДУНАРОДНЫХ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНЫХ ПРОГРАММ

Отделение "Иностранный язык"

УТВЕРЖДЕНО

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ЭКЗАМЕНАЦИОННЫЕ ТЕСТОВЫЕ ВОПРОСЫ				
по дисциплине: «Теоретическая грамматика и фонетика» 3 курс (9-база),				
для студентов очного отделения, обучающихся по направлению:				
050303 «Иностранный язык»				

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СОГЛАСОВАНО

- 1. Until what century did grammar in England mostly learn only Latin?
- 2. Who wrote the first English grammar?
- 3. What was the name of the grammar that set strict rules for the use of the language?
- 4. What was the difference between scientific grammars that appeared after 1900?
- 5. What is the main idea of "structural grammar"?
- 6. A word used to name a person, place, thing, or idea is a...
- 7. Which type of noun names a specific person, place, or thing and is always capitalized?
- 8. Which of the following is an example of a concrete noun?
- 9. What kind of noun is "team"?
- 10. How is the plural of the noun "church" formed?
- 11. What is the plural form of the word "city"?
- 12. Which of the following is an irregular plural noun?
- 13. What is the plural form of the compound noun "son-in-law"?
- 14. Which of the following is a pronoun?
- 15. What is the main function of a pronoun?
- 16. The pronouns "he, she, it, they" are considered what type of pronoun?
- 17. Which possessive pronoun is used in a substantive form (without a following noun)?
- 18. "This girl" and "that girl" are examples of which type of pronoun?
- 19. What is the purpose of reflexive pronouns like "myself" and "yourself"?
- 20. Which group of pronouns indicates an object or person without identifying it and includes words like "something" and "anybody"?
- 21. Which part of speech describes a noun?
- 22. Qualitative adjectives describe a quality, like "red" or "long." What do relative adjectives describe?
- 23. Adjectives like "wooden" and "icy" are often formed from what other part of speech?
- 24. What suffixes can be used to form adjectives from verbs?
- 25. Which type of adjective typically forms degrees of comparison (e.g., "tall," "taller," "tallest")?
- 26. What is the correct superlative form of the adjective "easy"?
- 27. What is the correct spelling rule when forming the comparative degree of "big"?
- 28. The degrees of comparison for "good" and "bad" are irregular. What are the correct forms?
- 29. Which prefixes can be used to give an adjective a negative meaning?
- 30. How would you form a comparative sentence using "than"?
- 31. What is the main difference between using "farther" and "further"?
- 32. What is the correct way to say that someone is older within a family?
- 33. Which of the following phrases can be used to emphasize a comparative adjective?
- 34. What is the main function of a verb in its finite form?
- 35. Which of the following is a key feature of verbs?
- 36. Which suffix can be used to form verbs from other words?
- 37. Which of these prefixes means "to do something again"?
- 38. Action verbs are words that indicate actions. Which of these is an action verb?

- 39. Regular verbs form their past tense by adding a specific ending. What is this ending?
- 40. Which sentence uses a regular verb correctly?
- 41. Irregular verbs do not follow a predictable pattern. Which of these is an irregular verb?
- 42. What is the past form of the irregular verb "write"?
- 43. Which of the following is a linking verb?
- 44. Which sentence uses an auxiliary verb?
- 45. What do modal verbs express?
- 46. Which of these is a modal verb?
- 47. A phrasal verb consists of a verb and a (n) _____.
- 47. What does the phrasal verb "to look for" mean?
- 48. A stative verb expresses a _____ rather than an action.
- 49. What is the main purpose of an article?
- 50. Which article form is used before a word that begins with a vowel sound?
- 51. When should you use the indefinite article 'a' or 'an'?
- 52. In the phrase "an hour," why is 'an' used instead of 'a'?
- 53. Which of these examples correctly uses *an* indefinite article?
- 54. Which of the following is an uncountable noun?
- 55. Is it correct to say, "I drink a water every morning"?
- 56. When is the definite article 'the' used?
- 57. Which of these objects is typically used with the article 'the' because it is unique?
- 58. The phrase "the first page" is an example of using 'the' with a (n):
- 59. Which of the following sentences correctly uses a zero article (no article)?
- 60. Which of these titles or names does NOT take the definite article 'the'?
- 61. What is the difference between "to go to school" and "to go to the school"?
- 62. Which of the following nouns typically takes a zero article?
- 63. What is the main difference between consonant and vowel sounds, according to the document?
- 64. What determines the manner of articulation of consonants?
- 65. Which of the following sounds are classified as occlusive voiced consonants?
- 66. According to the document, which consonants are produced with a complete obstruction that is slowly released with friction?
- 67. What is the place of articulation for the English sounds [p], [b], [m], and [w]?
- 68. The sounds [f] and [v] are articulated with the lower lip against the upper teeth. What is this place of articulation called?
- 69. Which of the following is an example of an interdental consonant?
- 70. What is the primary characteristic of an incomplete obstruction?
- 71. The English sound [r] is classified as a post-alveolar consonant because it is made:
- 72. According to the document, what makes a consonant bicentral?
- 73. Which of the following sounds are constrictive fricatives?
- 74. The term 'apical' refers to forelingual consonants where:
- 75. What is the difference between the sounds [tf] and [dʒ]?

- 76. The document states that lingual consonants are classified into which three main groups?
- 77. What is the primary characteristic of a palato-alveolar consonant?
- 78. Which is an English monophthong?
- 79. What do English diphthongs do?
- 80. Which is NOT an English diphthong?
- 81. How many vowel groups are there by stability of articulation?
- 82. Which is an English diphthongoid?
- 83. To which group does [A] belong?
- 84. English diphthongs include:
- 85. What distinguishes vowel sounds?
- 86. How many English monophthongs are listed?
- 87. Which vowel type is common in Russian but not diphthongs?
- 88. Which is NOT a diphthong?
- 89. Which group shows the clearest change between vowel elements?
- 90. Which vowel is a diphthongoid?