MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF THE KYRGYZ REPUBLIC OSH STATE UNIVERSITY INTERNATIONAL OF MEDICAL FACULTY

Department of Pathology, Basic and Clinical Pharmacology

Syllabus

Specialty (direction)	General medicine	Course code	560001
Language of instruction	English	Discipline	Basic Pharmacology
Academic year	2025-2026	Number of credits	3
Teachers		Semester	V 20/28/7
E-Mail	Арр. №1	Schedule according to the application " Osh State University Student"	https://myedu.oshsu.kg/#/
Consultations	App. №3	Location	IMF
Form of study Full	Full-time	Course type:	Compulsory

Information about the instructors:

№	Full name	Degree	Position	E-mail	Achievements
1					

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

Discipline of Basic Pharmacology is borderline position at the junction of the theoretical and clinical disciplines. The knowledge gained in the study of most of the theoretical and biomedical disciplines, students are required to learn the basic provisions of the pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics of drugs. The knowledge acquired in the pharmacology, used in the study of clinical disciplines.

Pharmacology in the system of higher medical education is one of the fundamental sciences and provides a theoretical basis for the rational use of medicines in medical practice. Based on courses of normal and pathological physiology, biochemistry pharmacology is the link between medical and biological and clinical disciplines. The intermediate position between theoretical and clinical disciplines contributes to the development of many scientific directions developed by it. New directions in the field of pharmacology include both applied aspects related to obtaining new drugs and their introduction into medical practice, as well as fundamental problems. Pharmacology has a great influence on the development of medical and biological disciplines. For experimenters, the main value of pharmacological agents lies in the fact that they represent ample opportunities to manage many biochemical and physiological processes. The progress of pharmacology inevitably influences the development of clinical disciplines. The last years were marked by the rapid development of pharmacology, the emergence of new groups of drugs, resulting in pharmacotherapy has become a universal treatment for most diseases. Thus, pharmacology occupies an important place in the system of medical education, so knowledge of pharmacology is necessary for a pharmacist of any profile.

Aims and objectives of discipline.

The purpose and objective of teaching pharmacology at the faculty is to teach students to choose the best, most effective and least dangerous drug to its pharmacological characteristics (pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, mechanism of action) for a given pathology replace one drug to another if possible adverse reactions (based on the knowledge of pharmacological characteristics of groups of drugs and characteristics of the individual drugs.) Instill in students the skills of writing prescriptions, the experiment on laboratory animals using pharmacological agents, working with the literature, including books and monographs, the ability to read charts, drawings, diagrams, obtained with recording devices and equipment.

To teach the methodologies for selecting the most effective and safe medicines or their combinations, taking into account the knowledge of pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics, pharmacogenetics, pharmacoeconomics, drug interactions, undesirable drug reactions, principles of evidentiary discipline.

Pre-requisites:

Molecular Biology and Medical Genetics, Biochemistry, Physiology 1-2, Anatomy 1-2, Latin.

Post-requisites: Therapy, Pediatrics.

Learning outcomes of the discipline.

Applies knowledge and understanding of:

- Determines methods for obtaining medical information, based on the comprehensive principles of evidence-based medicine; information computer systems in medicine and healthcare; sources of information;
- Applies knowledge of the classification of drugs, general principles of pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics, mechanisms of action, indications and contraindications for the use of drugs in pediatrics, main, side and toxic effects;
- Determines indications and contraindications for prescribing specific medications, recognizes side effects of pharmacotherapy; identify groups of drugs for the treatment of certain diseases in children and adolescents, explain the mechanism of action of drugs prescribed by specialists based on the etiology and pathogenesis of diseases, correctly prescribe combination therapy;

Formulates judgments:

- Predicts possible drug interactions;
- Advises patients about the possibility of side effects of medications;

Study skills or learning ability:

- Uses clinical thinking when choosing medications in children with major internal disease syndromes;

- Uses normative, reference and scientific literature to solve professional problems; analyze medical information based on the comprehensive principles of evidence-based medicine, based on finding solutions using theoretical knowledge, use regulatory, reference and scientific literature to solve professional problems;

Communication skills:

- Has the ability to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialists and non-specialists.

A set of competencies:

Code of Learning outcomes	The code of competence
and its wording	of the General Educational Program and its wording
LO8 – Able to apply basic	IC-2 - capable and ready to use information, bibliographic resources and
knowledge in the field of	information and communication technologies, taking into account the basic
medical activities to solve	requirements of information security;
professional problems.	
	PC-17 - capable and ready to carry out basic treatment measures for the most
LO11 – Able to apply basic	common diseases and conditions (in adults and children in outpatient and inpatient
knowledge in the field of	settings;
research activities to solve	
professional problems.	PC-18 - capable and ready to provide medical care for acute diseases, conditions,
	exacerbation of chronic diseases that are not accompanied by a threat to the patient's
	life and do not require emergency medical care;
	PC-19 - capable and ready to provide first aid in the event of emergency and life-
	threatening conditions, refer patients for hospitalization on a planned and emergency
	basis;
	PC-31 - capable and ready to analyze and publicly present medical information
	based on evidence-based medicine;
	,
]

Calendar and thematic plan of lectures

№	Week	Topic name	Number of hours 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ure	
			110222002	Points	
1	1st week	Drugs affecting the blood Coagulation, Bleeding and Thrombosis.	2	10	
2	2 th week	Antianginal Drugs. Cardiac Glycosides and Drugs for Heart Failure.	2	10	
3	3 th week	Antihypertensive drugs. Diuretics.	2	10	
4	4 th week	Drugs affecting on Respiratory system	2	10	
5	5 th week	Drugs affecting on G.I.T.	2	10	
6	6 th week	Antibiotics Part -1: General consideration.	2	10	
7	7 th week	Sulfonamides, Cotrimoxazole, Quinolones. Beta-Lactam Antibiotic	2	10	
8	8 th week	Antibiotics Part -2: Macrolide, Lincosamide, Glycopeptide and Other Antibacterial Antibiotics.	2	10	
9	9 th week	Urinary Antiseptic. Aminoglycosides Tetracyclines and Cloramphenicol	2	10	
10	10 week	Antituberculous Drugs.	2	10	
Tota	al:	•	20h	10	

Calendar and thematic plan of practical classes

№	№ Week Topic name		Practic	al lesson
			Number of hours	Points
1	1 st week	Drugs affecting the blood Coagulation, Bleeding and Thrombosis.	2	15
2	2 th week	Antiarrhythmic Drugs.		
3	3 th week	Drugs for Heart Failure/.Cardiac Glycosides	2	15
4	4 th week	Antianginal Drugs. Diuretics.	2	15
5	5 th week	Antihypertensive drugs.	2	15
6	6 th week	Drugs affecting on Respiratory system	2	15
7	7 th week	Drugs affecting on G.I.T.	2	15
8	8 th week	Antimicrobial Drugs General consideration.	2	15
9	9 ^t week	Sulfonamides, Cotrimoxazole, Quinolones.	2	15
10	10 ^t week	Beta-Lactam Antibiotic Macrolide, Lincosamide,Glycopeptide and Other Antibacterial Antibiotics.	2	15
11	11 week	Urinary Antiseptic. Aminoglycosides Tetracyclines and Cloramphenicol.	2	15
12	12 week	Antituberculous Drugs.	2	15
13	13 week	Antifungal Drugs. Antihelmintic, Antiprotozoal Drugs	2	15
14	14 week	Antimalarial Drugs/ Antiviral Drugs.	2	15
		,	28h	30

ISW organization plan

№	Topics	Assignment for independent work of the student	Hours	Assessment means	Points	Literature	Submission deadline
1	Drugs that affect the immune system.	Report Prezi presentation MCQ	1	Independent study of the material, MSQ, preparing an essay or presentation, rbl.	5	Арр. № 4	Before module week
2	Immunosuppressiv e properties of cytostatics. Application in medicine.	Report Prezi presentation MCQ	1	Independent study of the material, MSQ, preparing an essay or	5	Арр. № 4	Before module week

				presentation, rbl.			
3	Pharmacotherapy of cerebral disorders.	Report Prezi presentation MCQ	1	Independent study of the material, MSQ, preparing an essay or presentation, rbl.	5	Арр. № 4	Before module week
4	Pharmacotherapy of Iron deficiency anemia . B12 - deficiency anemia.	Report Prezi presentation MCQ	1	Independent study of the material, MSQ, preparing an essay or presentation, rbl.	5	Арр. № 4	Before module week
5	Anticancer Drugs	Report Prezi presentation MCQ	1	Independent study of the material, MSQ, preparing an essay or presentation, rbl.	5	Арр. № 4	Before module week
6	Antiseptics, Desinfectants and Ectoparasiticides.	Report Prezi presentation MCQ	1	Independent study of the material, MSQ, preparing an essay or presentation, rbl.	5	App. № 4	Before module week
7	Antibiotic resistance.	Report Prezi presentation MCQ	1	Preparing an essay or presentation, rbl.	5	App. № 4	Before module week

Discipline Policy:

Requirements for students:

- 1. Be active in practical activities;
- 2. Be able to work in a team;
- 3. Have a presentation on the topic of the forthcoming lecture, be ready to give feedback on the lecture;
- 4. Must perform daily tasks according to the schedule of lecture, practical classes and classes SROP and SRO;
- 5. In case of lack of activity and in case of non-fulfillment of the task, measures of punishment are applied and the score on practical training is reduced;
- 6. Participate in discussions, perform individual and group tasks, explore and other resources;
- 7. Do not skip classes without respectful reasons;
- 8. Have a tidy appearance;
- 9. To show activity in practical classes;
- 10. Do not miss classes;
- 11. Keep the working place clean.

Penalty points

If you miss each lecture session without a valid reason and without further training, it is reduced by 1 point, if you miss each practical lesson, it is reduced by 1 point. The rating of admission to the exam consists of the average score of the practical lesson, the SRS, and the boundary control.

The final rating of admission to the exam in the subject must be at least 61. Methods of teaching and teaching (small groups, discussion, situational tasks, work in pairs, presentations, case studies, etc.).

- \bullet Lectures overview. for on-line using digital technologies, we binars on the ZOOM platform, WEBEX MEET, etc.
- Practical exercises: working in small groups.

 mode on completing tasks presented in the "Task" module and discussion in on-line mode or in the "Task" module chat or on other information platforms)

 Independent work of students, work with literature performance of tasks and

Independent work of students - work with literature, performance of tasks and exercises, preparation and protection of thematic abstracts and presentations.

Criteria and rules for evaluating knowledge Assessment of the level of development of students ' competencies Practical class

Assessed competence	Points			
_	30	20	10	5
Knowledge Orally, written response or testing	The student showed a deep understanding of the topic of the lesson, the ability to think logically, accurately and creatively managed to complete all tasks	The presentation allowed small gaps, but showed a good knowledge of the subject material, was able to solve test tasks, showed the ability to think logically, in solving a crossword puzzle	The student showed superficial knowledge on the topic of knowledge, incomplete and inconsistent answers to questions. There were difficulties or mistakes that were corrected after several additional questions from the teacher	The presentation shows ignorance, misunderstanding of the most important part of the educational material, made serious mistakes in the analysis of the theoretical material, failed to correct after several leading questions from the teacher.
Testing	90-100% correct	75-89% correct		less than 50% of correct
Practical skills for solving situational problems	answers The student gave a deep analysis of the situation, managed to apply theoretical knowledge, correctly solved situational problems and made correct conclusions.gave a deep analysis of the proposed situation, gave reasonable and complete answers to all questions.	The student analyzed the situation, but made minor mistakes that do not affect the overall conclusions, and gave the correct answer to a typical problem.	The student gave the correct answer, but could not analyze the situation, could not cope with the application of the theory in a new situation, gave a superficial analysis	The Student could not solve the problem and analyze the situation, could not interpret the research data.

Self Work

Assessed competence	Points			
_	10	7	5	3
Correspondence of the	The content of the	The content of the	The content of the	The content of the
Paper content to the topic	essay fully	essay fully	1	essay does not match
and tasks	corresponds to topic	corresponds to topic	consistent with the	the theme and the task
	and to objectives	and to objectives	topic and to objectives	

Completeness and	The topic is fully	The theme is	The subject of the	The topic of the essay
consistency of the topic	disclosed, the material		abstract revealed	is not disclosed does
disclosure	is presented in a	the material is	insufficient,	not match the theme
	competent language,	presented in the	uninformative	
	in a logical sequence	volume,		
	with the exact use of	predusmotrena		
	specialized	program, there is a		
	terminology and			
	symbols in the volume	consistency of		
	provided by the	presentation,		
	program. Illustrations	illustrations (graphs,		
	of good	tables) confirming		
	quality,confirming	theoretical provisions		
	theoretical provisions			
The ability to synthesize	Material	Material	There are inaccuracies	The material is not
material,to draw	generalized,made clear	generalized,made the	or errors in the content	generalized, there are
conclusions	findings	right conclusions		no conclusions.
Practical skills Solving	The student gave a	The student analyzed	The student gave the	The student could not
situational problems	deep analysis of the	the situation, but made	correct answer, but	solve the problem and
	situation, managed to	minor mistakes that do	could not analyze the	analyze the situation,
	apply theoretical	not affect the overall	situation, did not cope	and could not interpret
	knowledge, and	conclusions, and gave	with the application of	the research data.
	correctly solved a	the correct answer to a	the theory in a new	
	typical problem.	typical problem.	situation, gave a	
			superficial analysis	
Testing	90-100% correct	75-89% correct	50-74%	less than 50% of
	answers	answers	correct answers	correct answers

Module

Assessed competence	Points			
•	10	7	5	3
Knowledge	The content of the	There are small gaps	The presentation of	The presentation shows
Orally, written	student's oral or	in the presentation	the material shows a	ignorance,
response or testing	written response fully	that do not distort the	General	misunderstanding of the
	corresponds to the	logical and	understanding of the	most important part of the
	question, contains all	informational content	issue.The topic is	educational material,
	the necessary	of the answer. The	revealed	serious errors in the
	theoretical facts and	presentation is based	inconsistently,	definition of concepts, the
	reasonable	on an understanding	incompletely,	use of terminology
	conclusions, and the	of the theoretical	mistakes were made	
	presentation is	material	in the definition of	Less than 50% of correct
	logically competent		concepts, the use of	answers
	90-100% correct	75-89% correct	terminology.	
	answers during	answers during	50-74% correct	
	testing	testing	answers at testing	
Practical skills Solving	The student gave a	The student analyzed	The student gave the	The student could not
situational problems	deep analysis of the	the situation, but	_	solve the problem and
1	situation, managed to	made minor mistakes	could not analyze the	analyze the situation, and
	apply theoretical	that do not affect the	situation, did not cope	could not interpret the
	knowledge, and	overall conclusions,	with the application of	research data.
	correctly solved a	and gave the correct	the theory in a new	
	typical problem.	answer to a typical	situation, gave a	
		problem.	superficial analysis	
Testing	90-100% correct	75-89% correct	50-74%	less than 50% of correct
	answers	answers	correct answers	answers

The map of accumulation points

Nº Practical Classes Mo	iule Self Work	Lectures	T ot
-------------------------	----------------	----------	---------

	Activity onpract. classes	Notes	Participation in	Work ingroups		Situational tasks	Total points for pr.cl.	Situational tasks	мсе	Total points for module	The design of the Paper	Disclosing of Topic	Answers to control questions	Total points for SW	Attendance	Notes	Answers to control questions	d l	
Max. points	10	2	5	4	5	4	30	10	20	30	5	15	10	30	5	15	10	30	30

Topics Types of training works	Drugs affecting on Respiratory system	Drugs affecting on G.I.T.	Antihypertensive drugs	Diuretics	Drugs for CHF.	Antianginal drugs	Antiarrhythmic drugs	Drugs affecting blood formation	Drugs affecting the blood coagulation.	Self Work	Lecture	Module	Total
Attendance	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Student activity (student response with explanation on the Board)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Notes	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Group work (crossword puzzles, games)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	-			
The decision of situational tasks	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
MCQ	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Total:	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Total points		II.	1	3	30	T.	1	ı	î		1	I	I.

					_							
Topics Types of training	Ds, Antipyretic Agents	Antibiotics (part #1) General considerations,	Antibiotics (part #2) Tetracyclines,	Antimycobacterial Agents	Antileprotic, Antifungal	Antimalarial Agents	Antiviral drugs	Antiprotozoal Agents, Anthelmintic Agents	Work	ıre	ıle	
works	NSAIDs,	Antibiotics consideration	Antibiotics Tetracyclin	Antim	Antile	Antim	Antivi	Antipr	Self	Lecture	Module	Total
Attendance	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Student activity (student response with explanation on the Board)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Notes	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Group work (crossword puzzles, games)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				

The	decision	of	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
situat	ional tasks													
MCQ			30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30				
Total:			30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Total	points			30										

Evaluation according to e-journal

Score	points
5	25-30
4	20-24
3	11- 19
2	1-10

Appendix № 4

Lliterature:

K. D. Tripathi Essentials of Medical Pharmacology – 8th Edition – India 2018. – 1080p.

 $\label{limited Lippincotts Karen Whalen Pharmacology - 7th \ edition- \ Florida\ 2018. - 958\ p.$

Bertram G Katzung Basic and Clinical Pharmacology - 14th Edition - 2015 - 750 p.

Goodman and Gilman The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics 2018-550p.

Additional literature:

Satoskar, Bhandarkar and Rege's text book of Pharmacology 2009 – 620 p.

HL Sharma and KK Sharma's textbook 2017 – 540 p.

Gobind Rai Garg Review of Pharmacology 2018 – 470 p.

Muratov et al. Methodical manual for self study on basic Pharmacology – Osh, Kyrgyzstan 2020. – 183p.

Internet:

- 1. https://www.elsevier.com/search-results?query=Pharmacology
- 2. https://www.sciencedirect.com/search?qs=Pharmacology
- $3. \quad \underline{https://www.coursera.org/search?query=Pharmacology\&}$
- 4. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/?term=pharmacology
- 5. https://www.ijp-online.com/
- 6. https://www.pakmedinet.com/pjpharma
- 7. https://ibooks.oshsu.kg/book/?lg=1&id_parent=376&id1=1899&id4=
- 8. https://ibooks.oshsu.kg/book/?lg=1&id_parent=376&id1=1890&id4=

Нормативно-правовые акты	YCTAB OMFY	
Учебники (библиотека)	KD Thripati	

«УТВЕРЖДЕНО»

зав.кафедрой ПБиКФ, к.б.н.,доцент Момунова А.А.

«СОГЛАСОВАНО»

Руководитель ООП, к.м.н.,доцент Бугубаева М.М.

«СОГЛАСОВАНО»

предс.УМС, к.э.н., доцент Базиева А.М.